

not uncommon, and that is a type of hallucination into which a patient, and even a normal individual has good insight later on.

Q What kind of treatment should this patient get? A. The general regime and treatment which is organized in a hospital for mental disorders, a treatment which is, to a certain extent, psychotherapy. That is to say, is contained in the influence of the physicians, in the discussion with physicians of the underlying disturbing factors; and also consists in the influence of the trained nurses and attendants looking after the patient. Besides, if a patient should, for one reason or another, refuse food, in a state hospital one can look after the nutrition of the patient by the necessary methods. And where one has agitation or sleeplessness or other disturbance symptoms one can give him the necessary treatment with medicine, if required.

Q Outside of the matters attendant on the personal custody, what attention must be given this man in the future? I mean, how much attention will be required adequately to look after him, in the way of nurses and medical attendance?

A. The fact that he behaves very impulsively and gives one no warning of certain acts means that he will require very close supervision, that he can never be left alone, or at least never be left alone in an environment where there is the possibility of him doing himself severe injury.

Q In other words, you feel that he must have an attendant night and day in his room with him? A. That depends upon the equipment of the hospital and the arrangements. If one had the old-fashioned type of room, padded with rubber, there would not be much chance of him doing himself any harm. If he were in